

PQM/PPQM POWER QUALITY METER



Continuous metering of three-phase systems.

Standard Features

The PQM is a digital metering device that provides continuous monitoring of a three-phase system. It provides metering of current, voltage, real and reactive power, energy use, cost of power, power factor and frequency.

When portable monitoring of a three-phase system is required, a Portable PQM is the ideal choice. This version offers the same features as the panel mount PQM in a rugged carrying case. The PPQM additionally acts as a power management tool, a troubleshooting tool and a data collection device.

In either form, the PQM can provide users with advanced features for monitoring and metering which include:

Mounting Versatility

The panel mount with display offers an easy local interface. Standard models have RS485 ModBus® communications for programming and monitoring. Users can replace expensive additional devices by adding the CONTROL, TRANSDUCER and POWER analysis options to the PQM as required.

Metering

Each voltage and current is sampled 64 times per cycle for 0.2% accuracy true RMS True RMS or displacement (fundamental) quantities.

- $I_a I_b I_c I_n$
- $V_a V_b V_c V_{ab} V_{bc} V_{ca}$
- V I unbalance
- True PF crest and K factor
- Hz W var VA
- Wh varh VAh W cost
- Demand: A W var VA

A keypad and illuminated 40 character display provide local setpoint setting and monitoring values and status.

Features and Benefits

- Standard and portable options
- Power quality analysis
- Flexible control for demand load shedding, power factor, etc.
- Programmable setpoints
- Four assignable output relays
- Four switch inputs
- Process variable measurement using analog input
- PC connectivity
- Allows for calculation of harmonic distribution
- Communicates with GE Vernova Multilin 269 (MOD 508)

Applications

- Continuous metering of distribution feeders, transformers, capacitor banks, generators and motors
- Medium and low voltage systems
- enerVista.com compatible

Protection and Control

- Basic alarm on overcurrent, undercurrent or voltage unbalance

Monitoring and Metering

- Current, voltage, real and reactive power, energy use, cost of power, power factor and frequency
- Harmonic analysis

User Interfaces

- Select URPC functionality
- RS232 and RS485 ports



Alarms

Any of the assignable outputs may be used to trigger an alarm for specific applications. Simple alarm messages provide easy notification.

CONDITION	APPLICATION
overcurrent	motors/transformers
undercurrent	pumps/compressors
neutral current	leakage/unbalance
current unbalance	motors
overvoltage	equipment protection
undervoltage	motors/load transfer
phase sequence	pumps/equipment
overfrequency	generators
underfrequency	load shedding
power factor	capacitor banks
switch input	process control

Communications

Integrate process, instrumentation and electrical requirements in a plant automation system by connecting PQM meters together to a DCS or SCADA system. A computer running PQMPC can change system setpoints, monitor values, status and alarms. Continuous monitoring minimizes process downtime by immediately identifying potential problems due to faults or changes from growth.

- RS485 ModBus® 1,200 to 19,200 bps
- Mini RTU SCADA system component
- Measure actual values
- Read status
- Issue control commands
- Load all setpoints from a file
- Change individual setpoints

The standard version PQM comes complete with a front RS232 port which can be used for data collection, printing reports or problem analysis without disturbing the main communication interface to rear RS485 port.

Future Expansion

The PQM uses non-volatile flash memory for firmware storage. This allows future product upgrades to be loaded via the serial port.

Initially PQM meters can be used as stand-alone units. Open architecture allows connection to other or ModBus®-compatible devices on the same communication link. These can be integrated in a complete plant wide system for overall process monitoring and control.

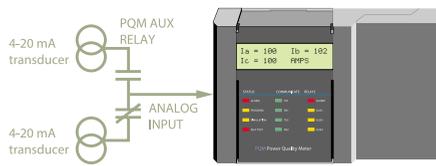
Options

There are a variety of options available to the user, allowing a range of custom configurations:

Transducer

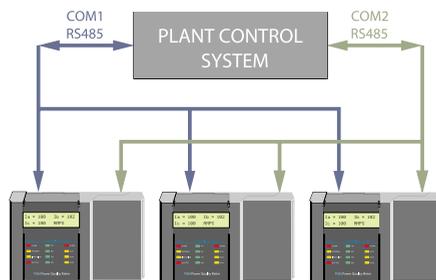
Four Analog Outputs: four isolated analog outputs can be used to replace eight analog transducers. Output signals can be selected from any of the measured parameters for direct interface to a PLC.

Analog Input: with the analog input and an output relay for selection, two transducers (such as temperature or water level) can be monitored and used for control.



Connect two 4 to 20 mA transducers for process variable measurement and control.

Second Rear Comm Port: an additional rear RS485 comm port is provided for simultaneous monitoring by process, instrument, electrical or maintenance personnel.

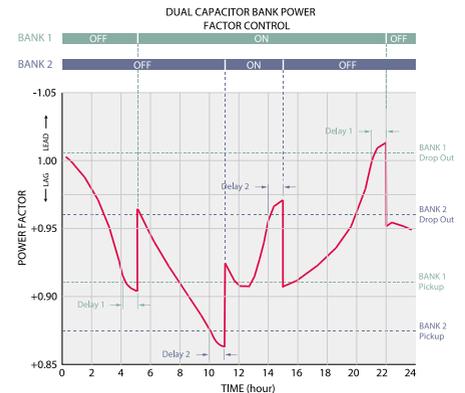


Redundancy in high security systems is provided by the 2nd RS485 comm port.

Control

Three Output Relays and Four Inputs: measured parameters from the standard PQM can be combined with setpoints and I/Os for control applications. With the control option, three output relays and four switch inputs are added along with programmable setpoints to make a mini RTU. Output relays can also be controlled via the communication port or assigned to different setpoints for custom programming to accommodate many situations. Possibilities include:

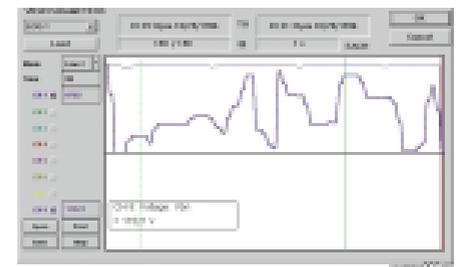
- Undercurrent alarm for pumps
- Over and undervoltage for generators
- Unbalance alarm for rotating machines
- Dual level power factor for capacitor bank switching
- Underfrequency/demand output for load shedding resulting in power cost savings
- kWh, kvarh and kVAh pulse output for PLC interface



Power factor setpoints and two output relays can be used for two-level capacitor bank switching.

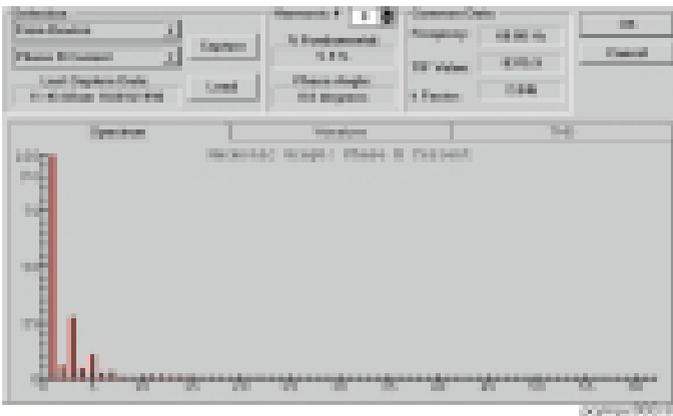
Power Analysis

Data Logger (Trending): trending is useful as a troubleshooting aid when a problem is detected. Measured values can be selected and plotted with a programmable sampling rate to suit the time interval of interest. The generated chart recorder screen can be printed or exported to other programs for report writing.



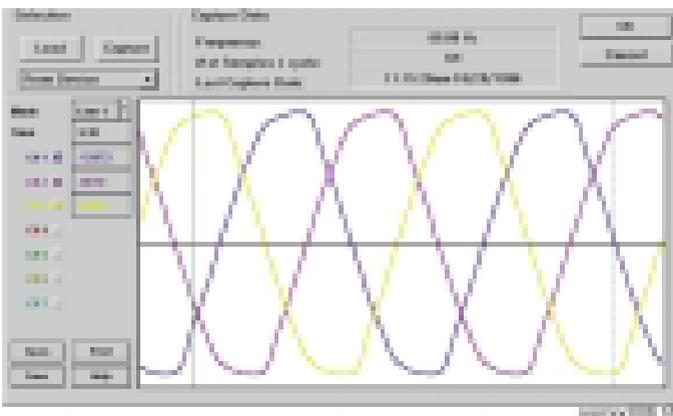
Record trends of measured parameters over time.

Harmonic Analysis: non linear loads such as variable speed drives, computers and electronic ballasts can cause harmonics which may lead to problems such as nuisance breaker tripping, telephone interference, transformer, capacitor or motor overheating. For fault diagnosis such as detecting undersized neutral wiring, need for a harmonic rated transformer, or effectiveness of harmonic filters, details of the harmonic spectrum are useful and available with the power analysis option.



Harmonic spectrum analysis can identify problems and ensure implemented changes work correctly.

Waveform Capture: voltage and current waveforms can be captured and displayed on a PC using the PQMPC program supplied with the PQM or using third party software. Distorted peaks or notches from SCR switching provide clues for taking corrective action.



Voltage and current waveforms provide valuable insights into system problems.

Event Recorder: alarms, setpoint triggers, input and output events can be stored in a 40 event record and time and date stamped by the internal clock. This is useful for diagnosing problems and system activity. Minimum and maximum values are also continuously updated and time stamped.

Trace Memory: the PQM can be configured to record a maximum of 36 cycles of data on all voltage and current inputs based on overvoltage, undervoltage, overcurrent or switch input state change.

Software

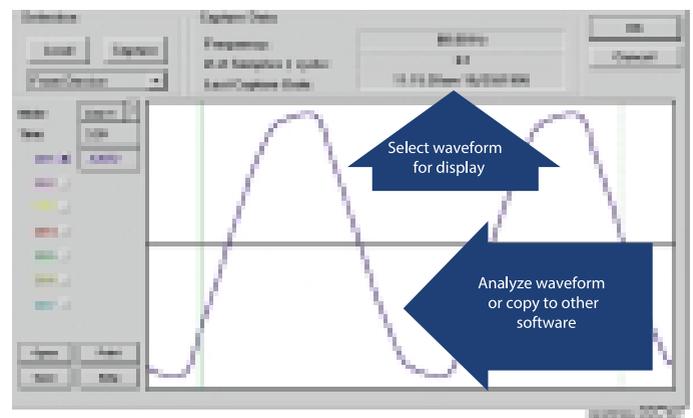
PQMPC Program

PQMPC is a Windows®-based program that can be used to enter setpoints, read metered values, monitor status and evaluate power quality. All data continuously gathered by the PQM can be transferred to a third party software program for display, control or analysis via the communications interface.

Once all setpoints have been entered they can be downloaded into any PQM or stored in a file with a tag name for later reference.

Screens are available for monitoring all measured values such as current, voltage, or power. Status of alarms and control settings can also be displayed.

Voltage and current waveshape can give important information about what is happening on a system. For example, non linear loads such as computers or variable speed drives may introduce distortion that indicates filtering is required.



Gain useful system information using voltage/current waveform capture.

Harmonic analysis can provide early warning of problems, helping to prevent equipment damage or nuisance breaker tripping.

PQMPC enables waveform capture information to be transferred to other programs for inclusion in reports and printouts. Routine event logs of demand or sampled voltage can also be created and printed out.

To verify correct installation, the simulation mode substitutes programmed currents and voltages for real ones. This powerful tool is also an excellent training aid for plant personnel.

URPC Program

The Windows®-based URPC program allows the user to create single line diagrams for substation and system monitoring schemes. Additionally, annunciator panel viewing, metering, and settings changes can also be performed using the program. With the URPC program the user can access multiple PQMs or different devices for metering in real time. The program may be used locally through the RS232 serial port or remotely through the other ports on the device.

PQM Technical Specifications

MONITORING

UNDERVOLTAGE MONITORING

Required voltage:	20 V applied
Pickup level:	0.50 – 0.99 in steps of 0.01 x VT
Dropout level:	103% of pickup
Time delay:	0.5 – 600.0 in steps of 0.5 sec
Phases:	Any one/any two/all three (programmable) phases have to go below pickup to operate
Level accuracy:	Per voltage input
Timing accuracy:	-0/+1 sec

OVERVOLTAGE MONITORING

Pickup level:	1.01 – 1.25 in steps of 0.01 x VT
Dropout level:	97% of pickup
Time delay:	0.5 – 600.0 in steps of 0.5 sec
Phases:	Any one/any two/all three (programmable) phases have to exceed pickup to operate
Level accuracy:	Per voltage input
Timing accuracy:	-0/+1 sec

UNDERFREQUENCY MONITORING

Required voltage:	20 V applied
Pickup level:	20 – 70.00 in steps of 0.01 Hz
Dropout level:	Pickup +0.03 Hz
Time delay:	0.1 – 10.0 in steps of 0.1 sec
Level accuracy:	±0.02 Hz
Timing accuracy:	±3 cycles

OVERFREQUENCY MONITORING

Required voltage:	20 V applied
Pickup level:	20 – 70.00 in steps of 0.01 Hz
Dropout level:	Pickup -0.03 Hz
Time delay:	0.1 – 10.0 in steps of 0.1 sec
Level accuracy:	±0.02 Hz
Timing accuracy:	±3 cycles

MONITORING

POWER FACTOR MONITORING

Required voltage:	20 V applied
Pickup level:	0.50 lag – 0.50 lead in steps of 0.01
Dropout level:	0.50 lag – 0.50 lead in steps of 0.01
Time delay:	0.5 – 600.0 in steps of 0.5 sec
Timing accuracy:	-0/+1 sec

SAMPLING MODES

	SAMPLES/ CYCLE	INPUTS SAMPLED AT A TIME	DURATION (CYCLES)
Metered values	64	ALL	2
Trace memory	16	ALL	continuous
Harmonic spectrum	256	1	1

DEMAND MONITORING

Measured values:	Phase A/B/C/N current (A) 3 ϕ real power (kW) 3 ϕ reactive power (kvar) 3 ϕ apparent power (kVA)
Measurement type:	Thermal exponential 90% response time (programmable): 5 – 60 min, steps of 1 min Block interval/rolling demand time in interval (programmable): 5 – 60 min, steps of 1 min
Pickup level:	A: 10 – 7,500 in steps of 1 kW: 0.1 – 6,500.0 in steps of 0.1 kvar: 0.1 – 6,500.0 in steps of 0.1 kVA: 0.1 – 6,500.0 in steps of 0.1

POWER SUPPLY

CONTROL POWER

Input:	90 – 300 VDC 70 – 265 VAC 50/60 Hz
Power:	10 VA nominal, 20 VA maximum
Holdup:	100 ms typical @ 120 VAC/VDC

METERING

MEASURED VALUES

PARAMETER	ACCURACY (% of full scale)	RESOLUTION	RANGE
Voltage	±0.2%	1 VOLT	20% of VT – 100% of VT
Current	±0.2%	1 A	1% of CT – 150% of CT
Voltage unbalance	±1%	0.1%	0 – 100.0%
Current unbalance	±1%	0.1%	0 – 100.0%
kW	±0.4%	0.01 kW	0 – 999,999.99 kW
kvar	±0.4%	0.01 kvar	0 – 999,999.99 kvar
kVA	±0.4%	0.01 kVA	0 – 999,999.99 kVA
kWh	±0.4%	1 kWh	2 ³² kWh
kvarh	±0.4%	1 kvarh	2 ³² kvarh
kVAh	±0.4%	1 kVAh	2 ³² kVAh
Power factor	1%	0.01	±0.0 – 1.0
Frequency	0.02 Hz	0.01 Hz	20.00 – 70.00 Hz
kw demand	±0.4%	0.1 kw	999,999.99 kw
kvar demand	±0.4%	0.1 kvar	999,999.99 kvar
kva demand	±0.4%	0.1 kva	999,999.99 kva
Amps demand	±0.2%	1 A	0 – 7,500 A
Amps THD	±2.0%	0.1%	0.0 – 100.0%
Volts THD	±2.0%	0.1%	0.0 – 100.0%
Crest factor	±0.4%	—	1 – 9.99

INPUTS

AC CURRENT

Conversion: True RMS, 64 samples/cycle
CT input: 1 A and 5 A secondary
Burden: 0.2 VA
Overload: 20 x CT for 1 sec
 100 x CT for 0.2 sec
Full scale: 150% of CT
Frequency: up to 32nd harmonic
Accuracy: ±0.2% of full scale, true RMS

AC VOLTAGE

Conversion: True RMS, 64 samples/cycle
VT pri/sec: Direct or 120 – 72,000 : 69 – 240
Input range: 20 – 600 VAC
Full scale: 150/600 VAC autoscaled
Burden: <0.1 VA
Frequency: up to 32nd harmonic
Accuracy: ±0.2% of full scale, true RMS

SWITCH INPUTS

Type: Dry contact
Resistance: 1,000 Ω max ON resistance
Voltage: 24 VDC @ 2 mA
Duration: 100 ms minimum

INPUTS

ANALOG INPUT

Range: 4 – 20 mA
Accuracy: ±1% of full scale
Relay output: Programmable 4 – 20 mA
Internal burden resistance: 250 Ω

PULSE INPUT

Max inputs: 4
Min pulse width: 150 ms
Min off time: 200 ms

COMMUNICATIONS

COM1/COM2 type: RS485 2-wire, half duplex, isolated
COM3 type: RS232, 9PIN
Baud rate: 1,200 – 19,200 bps
Protocol: ModBus® RTU
Functions: Read/write setpoints
 Read actual values
 Execute commands

OUTPUTS

ANALOG OUTPUTS

Accuracy: ±1% of full scale reading

	OUTPUT	
	0 – 1 mA (T1 Option)	0 – 20 mA and 4 – 20 mA (T20 Option)
Max load	2400 Ω	600 Ω
Max output	1.1 mA	21 mA

Isolation: 50 V isolated, active source

OUTPUT RELAYS

Voltage		Make/Carry Continuous	Make/Carry 0.2 SEC	Break
Resistive	30 VDC	5	30	5
	125 VDC	5	30	0.5
	250 VDC	5	30	0.3
Inductive (Vr = 7ms)	30 VDC	5	30	5
	125 VDC	5	30	0.25
	250 VDC	5	30	0.15
Resistive	120 VDC	5	30	5
	250 VDC	5	30	5
Inductive PF = 0.4	120 VDC	5	30	5
	250 VDC	5	30	5
Configuration	FORM C NO/NC			
Contact material	SILVER ALLOY			

PULSE OUTPUT

Parameters: +ve kWh, –ve kWh, +ve kvarh, –ve kvarh, kVAh
Interval: 1 – 65000 in steps of 1
Pulse width: 100 – 2000 ms in steps of 10 ms
Min pulse interval: 500 ms

ENVIRONMENTAL

Humidity:	95% non-condensing
Temperature:	-10° C to +60° C ambient
Environment:	IEC 68-2-38 temperature/humidity cycle

PACKAGING

Shipping box:	8 1/2" L x 6" H x 6" D (215 mm x 152 mm x 152 mm)
Ship weight:	5 lbs (2.3 kg)

NOTE: LCD contrast impaired below -20° C

TYPE TESTS

Dielectric strength:	2.0 kV for 1 min to relays, CTs, VTs, power supply
Insulation resistance:	IEC255-5 500 VDC
Transients:	ANSI C37.90.1 oscillatory 2.5 kV/1 MHz ANSI C37.90.1 fast rise 5 kV/10 ns Ontario Hydro A-28M-82 IEC255-4 impulse/high frequency disturbance Class III Level
Impulse test:	IEC 255-5 0.5 J 5 kV
RFI:	50 MHz/15 W transmitter
EMI:	C37.90.2 electromagnetic interference @ 150 MHz and 450 MHz, 10 V/m
Static:	IEC 801-2 static discharge

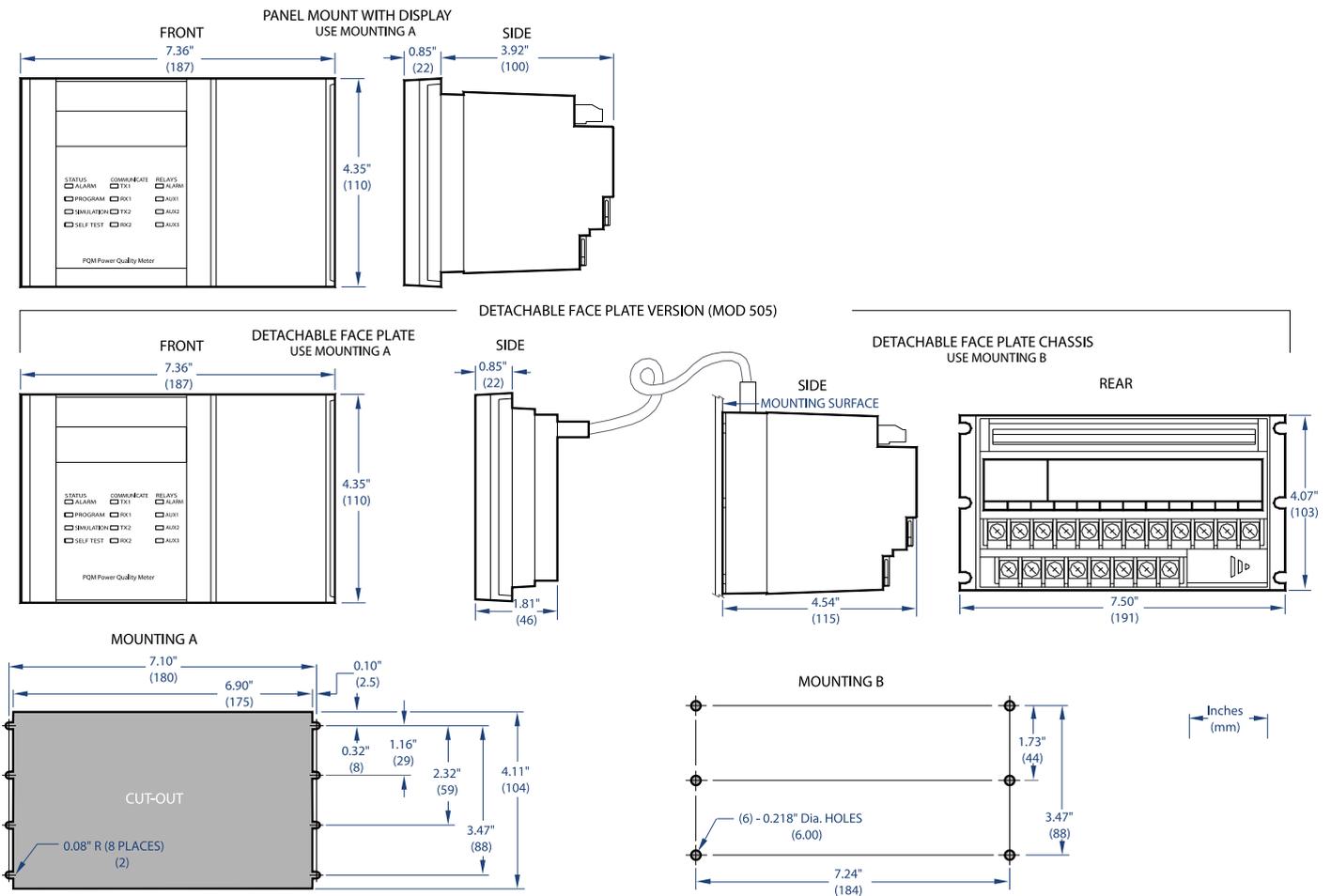
Note: Type test report available upon request.

APPROVALS

ISO:	Manufactured to an ISO9001 registered program
UL:	UL listed for the USA and Canada
CE :	Conforms to EN 55011/CISPR 11, EN 50082-2 Conforms to IEC 947-1, IEC 1010-1

**Specifications subject to change without notice.*

PQM Dimensions



Ordering

PQM	*	*	*	(Order code for all options: PQM-T20-C-A)
PQM				Basic unit with display, all current/voltage/power measurements, 1 RS485 comm port, 1 RS232 comm port
	T20			Transducer option; 4 isolated analog outputs 0 – 20 mA and 4 – 20 mA, assignable to all measured parameters, 4 – 20 mA analog input, 2nd RS485 comm port
	T1			Transducer option; 4 isolated analog outputs 0 – 1 mA, assignable to all measured parameters, 4 – 20 mA analog input, 2nd RS485 comm port
		C		Control option; 3 additional programmable output relays (total of 4), 4 programmable switch inputs
			A	Power analysis option; harmonic analysis, triggered trace memory waveform capture, event record, data logger
PPQM	*	(Order code for all options: PQM-T20-C-A)		
	150	1 A – 150 A clamp-on CT for wires 0.47" (12 mm) in diameter		
	500	2 A – 500 A clamp-on CT for wires 1.18" (30 mm) in diameter		
	1000	2 A – 1000 A clamp-on CT for wires 2.13" (54 mm) in diameter		

Modifications:

MOD 500:	Portable test/carrying case
MOD 501:	20 – 60 VDC/20 – 48 VAC control power
MOD 504:	Removable terminal blocks
MOD 505:	Detachable faceplate
MOD 506:	4-step capacitor bank switching
MOD 507:	-40 to +60° C temperature operation
MOD 508:	269 communication protocol
MOD 513:	Class 1, division 2 operation
MOD 516:	PQM remote: base unit only
MOD 517:	PQM remote: detachable faceplate only

Accessories:

PQMPC Windows® software supplied free

**RS232 to RS485 convertor

2.25" collar for limited depth mounting

RS485 terminating network

PQM mounting plate to replace MTM Plus

Control Power:

90 – 300 VDC/70 – 265 VAC standard

20 – 60 VDC/20 – 48 VAC (MOD 501)

***Required to connect a computer to the PQM RS485 ports*



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For more information, visit
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GEA-N50104
English
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